



CANDIDATE STANDARD

Mythos Agentic Systems and Model Orchestration Standard

Bound delegated action with mission contracts, policy, tool controls, memory governance, budgets, evidence, verification, and containment.

PERMANENT PUBLICATION IDENTITY

Mythos Agentic Systems and Model Orchestration Standard

Universal Requirements for Governed Agents, Multi-Model Routing, Tool Use, Memory, Durable Workflows, Delegation, and Autonomous Execution

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MYTHOS-FND-0010

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1.0.0-candidate

Status
Candidate Standard

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2027-09-17

Publication position

This is a permanent candidate standard in the Mythos Engineering Standards Library. Candidate status means the content is ready for structured implementation and review, but it is not represented as external certification, regulatory approval, or independent assurance.

PROFILE 3 LEVELS Foundational / Advanced / High Assurance	CONTROLS 23 Atomic normative controls	CADENCE TRIGGERED Annual plus material-change review	EVIDENCE ASSESSABLE Examine / Interview / Test / Measure
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Reader orientation

Dimension	Engineering position
Primary domain	Foundation and Governance
Audience	Agent and AI platform architects; Software, automation, and infrastructure engineers; Security, safety, privacy, and governance teams; Operations and incident-response teams; Assessors and model-risk owners
Publisher / owner	Mythos Systems / Standards Program
Public classification	Public technical standard
Canonical route	/library/standards/foundation/mythos-fnd-0010/

Expected outcomes

- Separate model reasoning from execution authority and policy enforcement.
- Constrain delegation, recursion, memory, tools, budgets, and cross-agent communication.
- Make every consequential action attributable, reviewable, resumable, and recoverable.
- Enable multi-model and multi-agent systems without surrendering security, reliability, or human accountability.

SOURCE / FRESHNESS POSITION

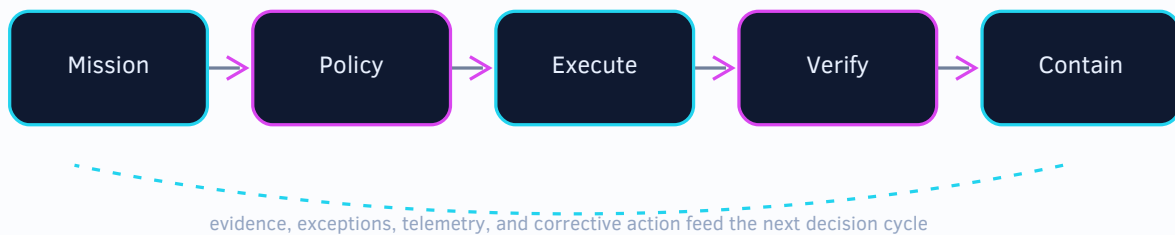
Authority and source posture

Validated 2026-09-17

Primary authority versions were revalidated for this regeneration on 2026-09-17. Current-source updates are reflected where a newer stable version was identified; active drafts are labeled as such and do not silently replace current final authorities.

FOUNDATION OPERATING DOCTRINE

OPERATING FLOW / MYTHOS-FND-0010



The source lineage for this edition is the enterprise candidate source set produced in July 2026. Normative controls are preserved; editorial, visual, metadata, and authority-freshness changes are recorded as revision lineage rather than presented as new control substance.

NAVIGATION

Contents

The table of contents is page-aware and internally linked. Control-level navigation follows on the next pages.

Document Control	8
Revision Record	8
How to Use This Standard	9
Executive Reading Path	9
Engineering Reading Path	9
Assessment Reading Path	9
Normative and Informative Content	9
Part I – Executive Direction	10
1. Executive Overview	10
2. Executive Findings and Required Direction	10
3. Business and Operational Impact	10
4. Target-State Summary	11
5. Leadership Responsibilities	12
Part II – Standard Foundation	14
6. Purpose and Objectives	14
7. Scope	14
8. Intended Audience	14
9. Requirements Language and Conformance	14
10. Normative References from Source Draft	14
11. Informative References from Source Draft	15
12. Terms and Definitions	15
13. Applicability and Tailoring	16
Part III – Risk and Architecture	17
14. Enterprise Problem and Risk Landscape	17
15. Governing Principles	17

16. Reference Operating Architecture	17
17. Roles and Accountability	18
18. State, Evidence, and Decision Model	19
19. Security and Trust Considerations	19
20. Failure Modes	19
21. Cross-Functional Dependencies	19
Part IV – Normative Control System	21
22. Control-Family Overview	21
23. Normative Controls	22
Part V – Implementation and Operations	46
24. Implementation Profiles	46
25. Implementation Lifecycle	46
26. Integration Requirements	47
27. Failure Handling and Recovery	47
28. Exceptions and Compensating Controls	47
29. Prohibited Practices	47
30. Adoption Roadmap from Source Draft	48
31. Limitations and Residual Risk from Source Draft	48
Part VI – Assurance and Assessment	49
32. Assessment Methodology	49
33. Metrics and Reporting from Source Draft	49
34. Exceptions and Compensating Controls	50
35. Enterprise Metric Set	50
36. Maturity Model	51
37. Assessment Confidence	51
38. Executive Assurance Dashboard	51
Part VII – Authority and Traceability	53
39. Cross-Standard Dependencies from Source Draft	53
40. Current External Authority Register	53

41. Control Traceability	53
42. Source-Draft Preservation	54
Part VIII – Appendices	55
Appendix A — Source-Draft Evolution Notes	55
Appendix B — Change History	55
Appendix C — Control Summary	55
Appendix D — Minimum Conformance Claim Record	56
Appendix E — Publication Review Checklist	56

NORMATIVE SYSTEM

Control index

Every control is independently addressable and assessable. Page references link directly to the control record.

MYTHOS-FND-AGT-01	Agent and mission inventory	23
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-02	Bounded mission contract	24
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-03	Workload and agent identity	25
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-04	External policy enforcement	26
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-05	Constrained delegation and lineage	27
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-06	Plan validation before execution	28
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-07	Tool contract and safety classification	29
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-08	Sandboxed and scoped execution	30
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-09	Visual and computer-use action control	31
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-10	Governed memory lifecycle	32
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-11	Context assembly and trust boundaries	33
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-12	Model routing policy	34
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-13	Resource and recursion budgets	35
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-14	Durable state and exactly-once effect strategy	36
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-15	Fan-out, fan-in, and conflict control	37
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-16	Independent approval and separation of duties	38
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-17	Governed skill creation and modification	39
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-18	End-to-end execution evidence	40
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-19	Independent result verification	41
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-20	Pause, cancel, rollback, and containment	42
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-21	Behavioral and operational monitoring	43
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-22	Agentic incident response	44
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-23	Agent, model, tool, and memory retirement	45

Document Control

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Revision Record

Version	Date	Status	Material Change
1.0.0-candidate	2026-09-17	Candidate Standard	Permanent-publication regeneration: source-preserving editorial system, richer information design, current authority revalidation, stable public metadata, and release QA.
0.2.0	2026-07-18	Working Draft	Source control standard
1.0.0-candidate	2026-07-22	Candidate Standard	Enterprise report architecture, executive direction, target operating model, profiles, maturity, authority register, and source-preserving reconstruction

How to Use This Standard

Executive Reading Path

Read Part I, the target-state architecture in Part III, the profile table in Part V, and the assurance dashboard in Part VI.

Engineering Reading Path

Read Parts II through V, then use the normative controls in Part IV as implementation and design requirements.

Assessment Reading Path

Read the conformance requirements in Part II, every applicable control's evidence and assessment procedure in Part IV, and the assessment, maturity, confidence, and traceability provisions in Parts VI and VII.

Normative and Informative Content

Uppercase **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, and **MAY** statements are normative when used under the requirements-language provisions of this document. Executive findings, examples, implementation patterns, reference architectures, mappings, and external-authority descriptions are informative unless explicitly incorporated into an adopting organization's binding policy, contract, or regulatory obligation.

Part I – Executive Direction

1. Executive Overview

Agentic systems turn model output into multi-step work involving memory, tools, credentials, files, browsers, terminals, infrastructure, and other agents. This creates a larger authority and failure surface than ordinary AI applications. This standard defines agentic systems as governed distributed systems: missions are bounded, identities are explicit, plans are typed, permissions are external, execution is deterministic, state is durable, results are independently verified, and the full chain is preserved as evidence.

The institutional objective is to govern bounded missions, agent and workload identity, external policy, delegation, planning, tools, sandboxing, memory, context, routing, budgets, durable execution, multi-agent coordination, approvals, skills, evidence, verification, containment, incidents, and retirement. Adoption should produce a controlled operating state in which leadership can understand the material risks, engineering teams can act on explicit requirements, assessors can test implementation and operating effectiveness, and the organization can support every conformance or trust claim with current evidence.

2. Executive Findings and Required Direction

Finding	Enterprise Exposure	Required Direction
Unbounded mission authority	Agents receive broad objectives without explicit scope, budgets, targets, or stopping conditions.	Require a typed mission contract and capability requests.
Agent identity collapse	Human, agent, model, tool, and workload identities are conflated.	Use distinct identities and preserve delegation lineage.
Tool ambiguity	Natural-language tool descriptions conceal side effects and failure semantics.	Use versioned typed contracts, risk classification, validation, and post-checks.
Memory and context poisoning	Untrusted content is promoted into durable memory or treated as instructions.	Separate trust domains, source memory, require review, and support correction and deletion.
False execution guarantees	Distributed retries create duplicates or indeterminate effects while systems claim exactly-once execution.	Use idempotency, effect ledgers, reconciliation, and explicit indeterminate state.
Multi-agent consensus mistaken for truth	Several models can agree on the same unsupported conclusion.	Use independent evidence, conflict control, deterministic tests, and verification.

3. Business and Operational Impact

3.1 Strategic Impact

This standard converts a discipline that is often dependent on individual expertise into an organization-wide system of ownership, records, controls, review, and evidence. It reduces decision ambiguity and makes material assumptions visible before they become embedded in products or operations.

3.2 Delivery and Cost Impact

Adoption requires investment in accountable roles, authoritative records, validation, tooling, and review. That cost should be measured against avoidable rework, delayed releases, incidents, regulatory exposure, duplicated platforms, failed integrations, and unsupported product claims.

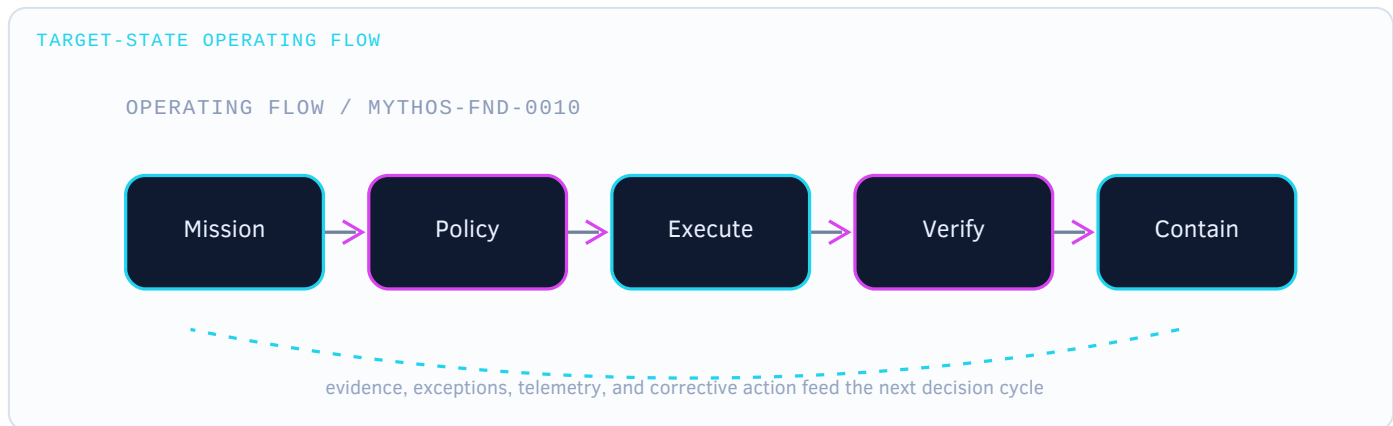
3.3 Security, Privacy, and Trust Impact

The standard requires security, privacy, integrity, resilience, and delegated authority to be considered within the primary operating model rather than as downstream approvals. This reduces the likelihood that unsafe boundaries become structurally expensive to correct.

3.4 Workforce and Organizational Impact

The organization must distinguish accountable ownership, implementation, approval, and independent challenge. Adoption may expose gaps in authority, skills, evidence, or cross-functional participation that require leadership action.

4. Target-State Summary



The target state contains the following institutional components:

#	Target-State Component
1	Agent, mission, tool, model, skill, and memory inventory
2	Bounded mission contract
3	Human, agent, workload, and tool identity
4	External policy enforcement
5	Constrained delegation and lineage
6	Plan validation and LOGOS-style typed work
7	Tool contracts and safety classes
8	Sandboxed and scoped execution
9	Visual and computer-use control
10	Governed memory lifecycle

#	Target-State Component
11	Context assembly and trust boundaries
12	Model routing policy
13	Resource, time, and recursion budgets
14	Durable workflow state and effect strategy
15	Fan-out, fan-in, and conflict resolution
16	Approvals and separation of duties
17	Governed skill lifecycle
18	End-to-end evidence
19	Independent result verification
20	Pause, cancel, rollback, and containment
21	Behavioral and operational monitoring
22	Agentic incident response
23	Retirement



5. Leadership Responsibilities

Role	Accountability
Agentic-system owner	Owns the mission, agent, model, tool, and runtime architecture.
Policy authority	Owns capability, delegation, approval, and emergency policy.
Runtime owner	Owns durable state, scheduling, retries, cancellation, and effect control.
Model-routing owner	Owns model eligibility, fitness, fallback, and cost.
Tool and connector owner	Owns contracts, side effects, versioning, and verification.
Memory and knowledge owner	Owns context, memory promotion, provenance, correction, and deletion.
Independent verifier	Tests plans, outputs, effects, and failure recovery.
Incident commander	Coordinates containment, revocation, evidence, and recovery.

Leadership must ensure that exceptions are explicit, risk-owned, time-bounded, monitored, and retired. A maturity score or successful audit sample does not replace accountability for known nonconformance or residual risk.

Part II – Standard Foundation

6. Purpose and Objectives

- Separate model reasoning from execution authority and policy enforcement.
- Constrain delegation, recursion, memory, tools, budgets, and cross-agent communication.
- Make every consequential action attributable, reviewable, resumable, and recoverable.
- Enable multi-model and multi-agent systems without surrendering security, reliability, or human accountability.

7. Scope

Applies to autonomous and semi-autonomous agents, copilots with tools, multi-agent systems, supervisors, planners, model routers, durable agent workflows, computer-use systems, coding agents, infrastructure agents, research agents, and agent-accessible extension ecosystems.

8. Intended Audience

- Agent and AI platform architects
- Software, automation, and infrastructure engineers
- Security, safety, privacy, and governance teams
- Operations and incident-response teams
- Assessors and model-risk owners

9. Requirements Language and Conformance

The key words **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, and **MAY** are normative only when written in uppercase and are interpreted in accordance with RFC 2119 and RFC 8174.

A conformance claim **MUST** identify the assessed scope, standard version, selected assurance profile, tailoring decisions, evidence period, assessor, and unresolved findings. Profiles are cumulative unless a control explicitly states otherwise.

- **Foundational:** broadly applicable minimum controls.
- **Advanced:** stronger governance, automation, scale, and independent verification.
- **High Assurance:** continuous or independent validation, stronger isolation, adversarial testing, formal analysis, or cryptographic evidence where warranted.

10. Normative References from Source Draft

- **RFC 2119** — Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels. <https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119>

- **RFC 8174** — Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC 2119 Key Words. <https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8174>
- **MYTHOS-GOV-0001** — Mythos Engineering Standards Authoring and Benchmark Framework, Version 0.1.0. [../governance/01_MYTHOS_STANDARDS_AUTHORING_AND_BENCHMARK_FRAMEWORK.md](https://github.com/Mythos-Engineering/01_MYTHOS_STANDARDS_AUTHORING_AND_BENCHMARK_FRAMEWORK)

11. Informative References from Source Draft

- **NIST AI 100-1** — Artificial Intelligence Risk Management Framework (AI RMF 1.0). <https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.AI.100-1>
- **NIST AI 600-1** — Artificial Intelligence Risk Management Framework: Generative Artificial Intelligence Profile. <https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.AI.600-1>
- **NIST SP 800-218A** — Secure Software Development Practices for Generative AI and Dual-Use Foundation Models. <https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/sp/800/218/a/final>
- **NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 5, Release 5.2.0** — Security and Privacy Controls for Information Systems and Organizations. <https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/sp/800/53/r5/upd1/final>
- **NIST SP 800-207** — Zero Trust Architecture. <https://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-207>
- **OWASP Top 10 for Agentic Applications 2026** — Risk taxonomy for agentic applications. <https://genai.owasp.org/>
- **OWASP Top 10 for LLM Applications 2025** — Risk taxonomy for applications using large language models. <https://genai.owasp.org/llm-top-10/>
- **ISO/IEC 42001:2023** — Artificial intelligence — Management system. <https://www.iso.org/standard/81230.html>

External mappings are informative unless explicitly incorporated into a contract or regulatory obligation. Adopted organizations remain responsible for validating current source versions and legal applicability.

12. Terms and Definitions

Term	Definition
Accountable owner	The person or formally delegated role that accepts responsibility for an outcome, decision, control, or risk.
Assessment object	The system, process, component, artifact, team, service, or organizational scope being evaluated.
Compensating control	An alternative safeguard that provides comparable risk reduction when the specified control cannot be implemented as written.
Conformance claim	A bounded statement that an identified scope satisfies the applicable requirements of a named standard version and assurance profile.
Evidence	Reviewable information that supports a conclusion about design, implementation, operation, or control effectiveness.
High Assurance	The cumulative profile requiring stronger independence, adversarial testing, continuous verification, or formal evidence where risk warrants it.
Residual risk	Risk remaining after controls, mitigations, and compensating measures are applied.
System	A product, service, application, platform, workflow, integration, operational capability, or combined socio-technical environment.
Tailoring	A documented decision to include, strengthen, parameterize, or mark a control not applicable based on scope and risk.
Agent	A software entity that uses one or more models or policies to select, sequence, or adapt actions toward an objective.

Term	Definition
Mission	A bounded unit of agentic work with explicit objective, authority, budget, state, checkpoints, and completion criteria.
Tool	A callable capability that can observe, transform, communicate with, or change a resource or environment.
Delegation chain	The recorded lineage by which authority, objectives, context, and constraints pass from an originator through supervisors and subagents.
Durable state	Persisted workflow state sufficient to resume, inspect, reconcile, or terminate work after interruption.

13. Applicability and Tailoring

The organization **MUST** determine applicability at the control level. A not-applicable decision **MUST** identify the assessed scope, factual basis, approver, review date, and any assumptions that would invalidate the decision. Tailoring may strengthen or parameterize a control; it **MUST NOT** silently weaken a **MUST** requirement. Compensating controls require documented equivalence of risk reduction.

FOUNDATION STANDARD / STRUCTURAL PART

Part III – Risk and Architecture

14. Enterprise Problem and Risk Landscape

The principal enterprise risks addressed by this standard include inconsistent ownership, undocumented authority, uncontrolled change, local optimization, evidence gaps, stale assumptions, supplier dependence, false assurance, and the inability to determine whether the operating system still matches its approved intent.

Adopting organizations **SHOULD** maintain a domain-specific risk register that identifies cause, affected asset or stakeholder, credible scenario, impact, existing controls, residual risk, owner, review trigger, and evidence. Risks that cross standards **MUST** be linked rather than copied into disconnected registers.

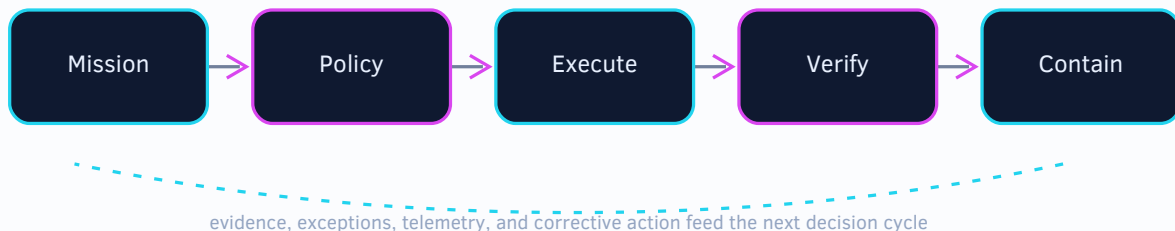
15. Governing Principles

- Probabilistic planning must execute through deterministic policy enforcement.
- Delegated authority can narrow but cannot silently expand.
- Every mission has bounded scope, budget, lifetime, and termination conditions.
- Memory is governed data, not an unquestioned source of truth.
- Parallelism and recursion require explicit fan-out, depth, cost, and convergence limits.
- Agents cannot approve their own privilege expansion, evidence sufficiency, or risk acceptance.
- Interruptibility, rollback, reconciliation, and evidence are core runtime properties.

16. Reference Operating Architecture

REFERENCE OPERATING ARCHITECTURE

OPERATING FLOW / MYTHOS-FND-0010





16.1 Control Plane

The control plane contains accountable ownership, policy, standards, risk decisions, approvals, exception governance, and authoritative state. It **MUST** be distinguishable from implementation and reporting systems.

16.2 Delivery and Enforcement Plane

The delivery plane contains engineering workflows, automation, validation, configuration, runtime enforcement, and lifecycle processes. Automated enforcement **SHOULD** be preferred where requirements can be expressed and tested safely.

16.3 Evidence and Assurance Plane

The assurance plane collects evidence, observations, test results, decisions, exceptions, and historical state. Evidence systems **MUST** protect integrity, scope, provenance, retention, and authorized access.

16.4 Feedback Plane

Metrics, incidents, assessments, user outcomes, exceptions, and changing authorities feed corrective action and controlled revision. Feedback **MUST** not silently alter normative requirements or accepted risk.

17. Roles and Accountability

Role	Accountability
Agentic-system owner	Owns the mission, agent, model, tool, and runtime architecture.
Policy authority	Owns capability, delegation, approval, and emergency policy.
Runtime owner	Owns durable state, scheduling, retries, cancellation, and effect control.
Model-routing owner	Owns model eligibility, fitness, fallback, and cost.
Tool and connector owner	Owns contracts, side effects, versioning, and verification.
Memory and knowledge owner	Owns context, memory promotion, provenance, correction, and deletion.
Independent verifier	Tests plans, outputs, effects, and failure recovery.
Incident commander	Coordinates containment, revocation, evidence, and recovery.

18. State, Evidence, and Decision Model

The adopting organization **MUST** distinguish:

- approved intent;
- current implemented state;
- observed operational state;
- generated or inferred recommendations;
- accepted exceptions;
- historical state;
- independently verified results.

A generated report, model conclusion, roadmap, or design proposal **MUST NOT** be represented as implemented or verified state without supporting evidence.

19. Security and Trust Considerations

Every implementation of this standard **MUST** apply identity, authorization, classification, least privilege, evidence integrity, sensitive-data handling, and supplier-risk controls appropriate to impact. Machine-generated guidance, automation, extensions, and delegated agents **MUST** remain subject to external policy and independent verification.

20. Failure Modes

Failure or Anti-Pattern	Enterprise Consequence
Giving agents a general shell or browser because the user asked for autonomy	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.
Treating a skill file as permission	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.
Allowing agents to edit their own policy or evidence	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.
Using one giant conversation as durable state	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.
Calling retries exactly-once execution	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.
Accepting multi-agent agreement without tests	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.
Allowing computer-use agents unrestricted targets	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.
Persisting every conversation statement as memory	Failure can create hidden risk, misleading assurance, uncontrolled cost, or unsafe operation.

21. Cross-Functional Dependencies

This Foundation standard depends on the remaining MYTHOS-FND standards for documentation, security and trust, quality, operations, data and integration, interfaces, extensions, AI-first behavior, and agentic orchestration.

An adopting organization **MUST** resolve overlapping requirements through the stricter applicable control or a documented authority decision.

FOUNDATION STANDARD / STRUCTURAL PART

Part IV – Normative Control System

22. Control-Family Overview

CONTROL-FAMILY CONSTELLATION



This standard contains **23 controls** across the following families:

- Governance
- Mission
- Identity
- Authority
- Delegation
- Planning
- Tools
- Execution
- Computer use
- Memory
- Context
- Models
- Budgets
- Durability
- Parallelism
- Approvals
- Skills
- Evidence

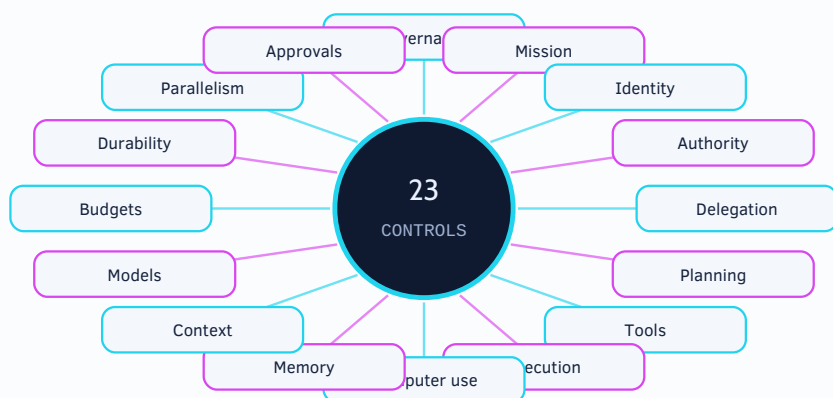
- Verification
- Interruptibility
- Monitoring
- Incident
- Lifecycle

23. Normative Controls

CONTROL SET 23 atomic requirements	PROFILES 3 cumulative assurance levels	ASSESSMENT 4 Examine / Interview / Test / Measure
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Each control is independently addressable, evidence-bound, and assessable. The following control records preserve the source requirements while presenting implementation guidance, required evidence, assessment procedures, exceptions, compensating controls, and external mappings as a consistent engineering system.

NORMATIVE CONTROL CONSTELLATION



NORMATIVE CONTROL

MYTHOS-FND-AGT-01 – Agent and mission inventory

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Governance	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

The organization **MUST** inventory agent types, owners, models, tools, memories, environments, identities, permitted missions, autonomy levels, data classes, and maximum consequence.

Purpose

Creates a bounded governance surface.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Include ephemeral subagents and third-party agents.

Required evidence

- Agent registry
- Mission catalog
- Ownership records

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Compare runtime identities and tool calls to registry.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- ISO/IEC 42001:2023

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-02 – Bounded mission contract

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Mission	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Every mission **MUST** define objective, originator, accountable owner, scope, targets, constraints, inputs, authority, budgets, completion criteria, stop conditions, evidence requirements, and expiration before consequential execution.

Purpose

Prevents open-ended or ambiguous autonomy.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Use machine-readable mission envelopes.
- Reject missing mandatory constraints.

Required evidence

- Mission record
- Schema validation
- Approval evidence

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Submit ambiguous and expired missions.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST AI RMF 1.0

NORMATIVE CONTROL

 MYTHOS-FND-AGT-03 – Workload and agent identity

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Identity	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Agents, supervisors, runtimes, tools, and delegated workers **MUST** use distinguishable, authenticated identities bound to mission and trust-domain context; shared ambient identities **MUST NOT** authorize consequential actions.

Purpose

Enables attribution and least privilege.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Use short-lived workload credentials.
- Bind model sessions to execution identity without equating them.

Required evidence

- Identity architecture
- Credential records
- Authentication tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Replay credentials across missions or tenants.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-207

NORMATIVE CONTROL

MYTHOS-FND-AGT-04 – External policy enforcement

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Authority	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

All consequential tool calls and state changes **MUST** pass through deterministic authorization and policy enforcement outside the model using current identity, mission, resource, tenant, environment, risk, and approval state.

Purpose

Prevents prompts or model output from self-authorizing.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Default deny.
- Validate arguments and preconditions.

Required evidence

- Policy rules
- Gateway logs
- Negative tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Attempt unauthorized and policy-conflicting calls.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-53 — AC family

NORMATIVE CONTROL

 MYTHOS-FND-AGT-05 – Constrained delegation and lineage

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Delegation	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Delegation MUST preserve origin, objective, context, constraints, authority, budgets, data classification, and evidence lineage; a delegate MUST NOT expand authority, lifetime, scope, or approval rights beyond the delegator’s grant.

Purpose

Contains authority through agent hierarchies.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Use capability attenuation.
- Record fan-out and delegated sub-budgets.

Required evidence

- Delegation graph
- Grant records
- Tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Attempt privilege amplification and hidden subagents.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-53 — AC-6

NORMATIVE CONTROL

MYTHOS-FND-AGT-06 – Plan validation before execution

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Planning	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

Plans for consequential work **MUST** be validated for scope, dependencies, ordering, preconditions, conflicts, policy, expected effects, rollback, and evidence before execution; validation **MUST** be independent of the proposing model where risk warrants.

Purpose

Catches unsafe reasoning before action.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Compile plans to typed operations.
- Use simulation or dry run.

Required evidence

- Plan schema
- Validation output
- Approval records

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Insert unsafe or contradictory step.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST AI RMF 1.0

NORMATIVE CONTROL

MYTHOS-FND-AGT-07 – Tool contract and safety classification

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Tools	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Each tool **MUST** have a versioned contract defining identity, inputs, outputs, side effects, authorization, idempotency, limits, secrets, failure semantics, observability, reversibility, and risk classification.

Purpose

Makes tool behavior enforceable.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Separate read from mutate.
- Reject unstructured shell access for routine operations where narrower tools exist.

Required evidence

- Tool registry
- Schemas
- Conformance tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Call with malformed, excessive, and unauthorized arguments.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-218A

NORMATIVE CONTROL

MYTHOS-FND-AGT-08 – Sandboxed and scoped execution

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Execution	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Agent-generated code, commands, browser actions, files, and workloads **MUST** execute in an isolated, resource-bounded, policy-controlled environment appropriate to consequence, with explicit promotion gates to shared or production systems.

Purpose

Contains malicious or defective execution.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Use disposable environments where practical.
- Control network and filesystem mounts.

Required evidence

- Sandbox design
- Policy
- Escape tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Attempt host, network, secret, and tenant boundary escape.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-53 — SC-39

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-09 – Visual and computer-use action control

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Computer use	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

Agents operating graphical interfaces or remote computers **MUST** anchor actions to verified target state, detect unexpected UI changes, avoid hidden or ambiguous elements, limit sensitive capture, and require stronger confirmation for consequential interactions.

Purpose

Addresses brittle and spoofable visual automation.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Prefer semantic APIs over pixels when available.
- Revalidate after navigation or modal changes.

Required evidence

- Computer-use policy
- Session recordings or event logs
- Adversarial tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Introduce overlays, shifted controls, and deceptive prompts.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST AI 600-1

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-10 – Governed memory lifecycle

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Memory	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

Agent memory **MUST** have defined purpose, source, provenance, confidence, scope, tenancy, sensitivity, retention, update, conflict, correction, retrieval, and deletion rules and **MUST NOT** be treated as authoritative without validation.

Purpose

Prevents stale, poisoned, or cross-context memory from controlling behavior.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Separate episodic, semantic, procedural, and user-controlled memory.
- Protect shared memory writes.

Required evidence

- Memory schema
- Access policy
- Poisoning and deletion tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Insert conflicting and malicious memory.
- **Interview:** Test tenant isolation.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST AI 600-1

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-11 – Context assembly and trust boundaries

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Context	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

The runtime **MUST** label and preserve trust, source, freshness, sensitivity, and instruction status across prompts, retrieved content, memory, tool output, user input, and system policy, and **MUST** prevent untrusted content from silently becoming higher-priority instruction.

Purpose

Mitigates context confusion and indirect prompt injection.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Use typed context segments.
- Apply least-context and access filtering.

Required evidence

- Context schema
- Assembly traces
- Injection tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Embed instructions in documents and tool output.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- OWASP Top 10 for Agentic Applications 2026

NORMATIVE CONTROL

 MYTHOS-FND-AGT-12 – Model routing policy

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Models	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Model selection and routing **MUST** follow versioned policy based on task, data sensitivity, capability, risk, latency, cost, availability, jurisdiction, evaluation evidence, and provider terms, with logged rationale and bounded fallback.

Purpose

Prevents arbitrary or unsafe provider switching.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Never route sensitive context to an unapproved provider.
- Evaluate fallbacks independently.

Required evidence

- Routing policy
- Model registry
- Routing logs

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Force provider outage and sensitive task.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST AI RMF 1.0

NORMATIVE CONTROL

 MYTHOS-FND-AGT-13 – Resource and recursion budgets

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Budgets	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Missions MUST enforce approved limits for time, tokens, cost, tool calls, concurrency, subagents, recursion depth, storage, network, and changed resources, with deterministic stop or escalation behavior.

Purpose

Prevents runaway consumption and uncontrolled scope growth.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Allocate sub-budgets rather than duplicating parent budget.

Required evidence

- Budget policy
- Runtime counters
- Limit tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Trigger each budget limit and race conditions.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST AI 600-1

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-14 – Durable state and exactly-once effect strategy

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Durability	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Consequential workflows MUST persist authoritative state, action identifiers, approvals, checkpoints, tool outcomes, retries, and compensation status sufficient to resume or reconcile without unintended repeated effects.

Purpose

Controls interruption and uncertain outcomes.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Separate workflow state from model transcript.
- Use idempotency and deduplication.

Required evidence

- State model
- Execution journal
- Recovery tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Crash between request and acknowledgment.
- **Interview:** Resume and reconcile.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- ISO/IEC 25010:2023 — reliability

NORMATIVE CONTROL

MYTHOS-FND-AGT-15 – Fan-out, fan-in, and conflict control

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Parallelism	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

Parallel agents and tasks **MUST** have explicit partitioning, authority, shared-state rules, synchronization, conflict detection, result validation, convergence criteria, and bounded fan-out.

Purpose

Prevents duplicated effects and inconsistent synthesis.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Use immutable inputs where possible.
- Do not allow competing writers without coordination.

Required evidence

- Concurrency design
- Task graph
- Conflict tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Run duplicate and conflicting agents.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- ISO/IEC 25010:2023

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-16 – Independent approval and separation of duties

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Approvals	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Agents **MUST NOT** approve their own privilege expansion, production promotion, evidence sufficiency, policy exception, risk acceptance, or irreversible high-consequence action; required approval **MUST** come from an authorized independent principal or deterministic policy.

Purpose

Preserves accountability and prevents self-authorization.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Define quorum or dual control for highest risk.

Required evidence

- Approval policy
- Decision records
- Bypass tests

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Attempt self-approval and approval replay.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-53 — AC-5

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-17 – Governed skill creation and modification

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Skills	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

Agent-created or modified skills, prompts, policies, code, and tools **MUST** be sandboxed, versioned, evaluated, provenance-tracked, permission-scoped, reviewed, and rollback-capable before broader use; creation **MUST NOT** imply publication or privilege.

Purpose

Allows learning without silent self-modification.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Separate propose, test, approve, publish, and execute.

Required evidence

- Skill registry
- Provenance
- Evaluation and review records

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Create a skill requesting new privilege.
- **Interview:** Attempt silent replacement.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-218A
- SLSA 1.2

NORMATIVE CONTROL

 MYTHOS-FND-AGT-18 – End-to-end execution evidence

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Evidence	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Consequential missions **MUST** produce tamper-evident evidence linking objective, inputs, context sources, plan, models, prompts or policy versions, delegation, approvals, tool calls, diffs, outputs, verification, exceptions, and final state.

Purpose

Supports audit and trustworthy completion claims.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Store hashes or references instead of unnecessary sensitive payloads.

Required evidence

- Evidence bundle
- Integrity validation
- Reconstruction report

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Reconstruct a sampled mission and detect tampering.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-53 — AU family

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-19 – Independent result verification

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Verification	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

Agents **MUST** verify consequential outcomes against explicit acceptance criteria using authoritative observations, tests, reconciliation, or independent evaluators before declaring completion.

Purpose

Prevents self-reported success from substituting for reality.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Use different evidence paths than the action path where possible.

Required evidence

- Acceptance criteria
- Verification results
- Completion decision

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Cause partial failure and misleading tool output.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST AI RMF 1.0

NORMATIVE CONTROL

 MYTHOS-FND-AGT-20 – Pause, cancel, rollback, and containment

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Interruptibility	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

The runtime **MUST** support authorized pause, cancellation, kill, isolation, rollback or compensation, and evidence preservation for active missions, including cascaded subagents and pending tool work.

Purpose

Enables human and automated containment.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Kill controls must not depend solely on the affected agent.

Required evidence

- Control design
- Drill results
- State reconciliation

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Cancel during fan-out and partial execution.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-61 Rev. 3

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-21 – Behavioral and operational monitoring

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Monitoring	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

Agent runtimes **MUST** monitor policy denials, novel tool sequences, authority use, budget consumption, recursion, delegation, errors, drift, unsafe content, anomalous data access, and outcome quality with actionable escalation.

Purpose

Detects emergent and compromised behavior.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Baseline by agent and mission type.
- Avoid relying on model self-report.

Required evidence

- Telemetry plan
- Detections
- Incident records

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Generate anomalous sequences and confirm alerting.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-53 — SI-4

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-22 – Agentic incident response

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Incident	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	Partial

Requirement

The organization **MUST** maintain incident procedures for compromised agents, poisoned memory or context, malicious tools, provider failure, runaway missions, unauthorized actions, evidence compromise, and cross-tenant exposure.

Purpose

Addresses the distinctive failure modes of agentic systems.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Support global and scoped revocation.
- Preserve mission state.

Required evidence

- Incident plan
- Exercises
- Corrective actions

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Run a memory-poisoning or runaway-agent exercise.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- NIST SP 800-61 Rev. 3

NORMATIVE CONTROL



MYTHOS-FND-AGT-23 – Agent, model, tool, and memory retirement

FAMILY	PROFILES	FAILURE IMPACT	AUTOMATION POTENTIAL
Lifecycle	Advanced, High Assurance	Critical	High

Requirement

Retirement MUST revoke identities and capabilities, terminate schedules and missions, migrate or delete governed state and memory, preserve required evidence, update dependents, and verify no residual execution path remains.

Purpose

Prevents orphaned autonomous authority.

Applicability

Applicable to all in-scope systems and organizational processes unless a documented tailoring decision states otherwise.

Implementation guidance

- Search for hidden schedules, webhooks, and credentials.

Required evidence

- Retirement plan
- Revocation evidence
- Dependency report

Assessment procedure

- **Examine:** Retire a test agent and attempt delayed execution.
- **Interview:** Confirm ownership and practice.
- **Test:** Exercise the requirement.

Exceptions and compensating controls

Any exception must be approved by an accountable owner, time-bounded, risk-assessed, monitored, and supported by compensating controls.

External mappings

- ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288:2023

Part V – Implementation and Operations

24. Implementation Profiles

Profile	Required Operating State
Baseline	Inventory, bounded mission, distinct identity, external policy, validated plan, typed tools, scoped execution, governed memory and context, routing, budgets, durable state, approval, evidence, verification, cancellation, monitoring, incident response, and retirement.
Enterprise	Central agent registry, multi-agent runtime, policy-as-code, worker attestation, context compiler, model routing service, skill governance, continuous observability, evidence graph, and enterprise incident operations.
High Assurance	Formally constrained missions, capability-secure execution, microVM or equivalent isolation, independent plan review, two-person approval for high-risk actions, deterministic effect ledger, continuous verification, adversarial agent testing, and cryptographically protected evidence.

Profiles are cumulative unless a control explicitly states otherwise. A higher profile cannot be claimed solely through additional tooling; governance, evidence, operating effectiveness, and independent challenge must also satisfy the profile.

25. Implementation Lifecycle

25.1 Establish

- appoint accountable ownership;
- determine applicability and profile;
- inventory current processes, systems, records, and known exceptions;
- identify authority sources and legal applicability;
- establish evidence locations and review cadence.

25.2 Baseline

- assess every applicable control;
- distinguish implemented, partially implemented, not implemented, not applicable, and not assessed;
- record evidence quality and confidence;
- identify systemic dependencies and priority risks.

25.3 Implement

- define target architecture and ownership;
- create or revise policies, contracts, workflows, and controls;
- automate enforcement and evidence where safe;
- test failure and recovery paths;
- train accountable roles.

25.4 Assure

- conduct technical and procedural assessment;
- verify evidence over a representative period;
- test sampled controls and critical workflows;
- challenge exceptions, unsupported claims, and optimistic assumptions.

25.5 Operate and Improve

- monitor metrics and exceptions;
- investigate incidents and control failures;
- update for authority, threat, technology, or organizational change;
- preserve superseded decisions and evidence;
- retire obsolete controls and implementations deliberately.

26. Integration Requirements

Implementations SHOULD integrate the standard with product governance, architecture review, secure development, CI/CD, change management, observability, service management, identity, evidence, risk, procurement, and training systems. Integration MUST preserve ownership and source authority rather than copying uncontrolled state between tools.

27. Failure Handling and Recovery

Control failures MUST produce a classified finding, owner, containment or compensating action, due date, evidence requirement, and escalation path. Where failure creates ongoing material risk, the organization MUST consider stopping, restricting, rolling back, isolating, or retiring the affected activity.

28. Exceptions and Compensating Controls

Exceptions MUST identify the exact control, scope, rationale, risk, owner, approval, compensating measures, monitoring, expiration, and closure evidence. Exceptions MUST NOT be used to convert a permanent design weakness into nominal conformance.

29. Prohibited Practices

- Giving agents a general shell or browser because the user asked for autonomy
- Treating a skill file as permission
- Allowing agents to edit their own policy or evidence
- Using one giant conversation as durable state
- Calling retries exactly-once execution
- Accepting multi-agent agreement without tests
- Allowing computer-use agents unrestricted targets
- Persisting every conversation statement as memory

30. Adoption Roadmap from Source Draft

- Define mission, agent, tool, policy, identity, budget, state, and evidence schemas.
- Route all tool use through an authenticated, policy-enforced execution gateway.
- Add durable orchestration, checkpoints, approvals, cancellation, reconciliation, and audit.
- Govern memory, delegation, multi-model routing, skills, and extension access.
- For High Assurance, add independent supervisors, formal policy constraints, isolated execution ranges, adversarial simulation, and continuous verification.

31. Limitations and Residual Risk from Source Draft

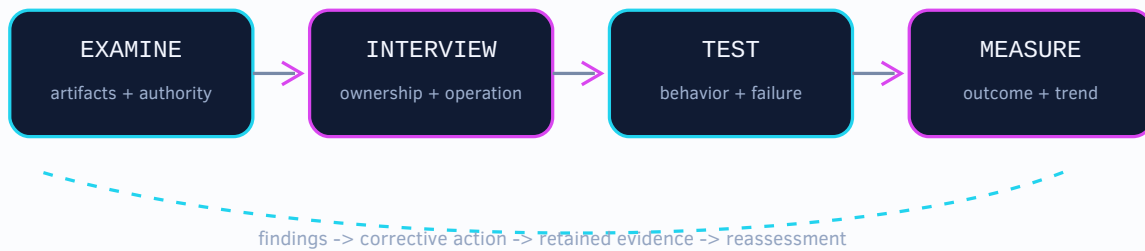
Conformance demonstrates that defined requirements were satisfied within a bounded scope and evidence period. It does not guarantee absence of defects, compromise, harm, outage, legal exposure, or future failure. Novel threats, misunderstood dependencies, invalid assumptions, human error, supplier changes, and conditions outside the assessment scope remain possible.

FOUNDATION STANDARD / STRUCTURAL PART

Part VI – Assurance and Assessment

32. Assessment Methodology

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE LOOP



Assessors **MUST** use a combination of examination, interview, and testing appropriate to the selected profile and control risk. Assessment records **MUST** identify sample size, tools, versions, evidence references, exclusions, limitations, confidence, and residual uncertainty. Automated checks **MAY** support a finding but **MUST NOT** be treated as proof of effective governance or operation when the control depends on human accountability or contextual judgment.

12.1 Finding States

- **Satisfied:** requirement implemented and supported by sufficient evidence.
- **Partially satisfied:** some required outcomes or scope are missing.
- **Not satisfied:** requirement absent, ineffective, or contradicted by evidence.
- **Not applicable:** supported by an approved tailoring rationale.
- **Not assessed:** evidence is insufficient.

12.2 Conformance

A scope is **Conformant** only when all applicable **MUST** controls for the claimed profile are satisfied. A failed critical **MUST** control cannot be averaged away by stronger performance elsewhere.

33. Metrics and Reporting from Source Draft

Metric	Definition	Expected use or target
Attributed action coverage	Consequential actions linked to mission, actor, model, policy, tool, and evidence	100%
	Actions outside granted authority reaching execution	

Metric	Definition	Expected use or target
Unauthorized action rate		0 in defined tests and production
Mission reconciliation	Interrupted missions reconciled to known state	100% of consequential missions
Budget enforcement	Missions exceeding approved cost, time, token, tool, or concurrency budgets without approval	0
Evaluation pass rate	Release-critical agent scenarios meeting deterministic acceptance rules	100% of MUST scenarios

Metrics **MUST** be interpreted with scope and uncertainty. Organizations **SHOULD** report trends, distributions, and exceptions rather than presenting a single composite score as complete assurance.

34. Exceptions and Compensating Controls

Every exception **MUST** identify the affected control and scope, justification, risk, compensating controls, accountable approver, start and expiration dates, monitoring, and remediation or retirement plan. Exceptions **MUST** be reevaluated after material change or incident and **MUST NOT** be self-approved by the team or agent requesting the exception where separation of duties is required.

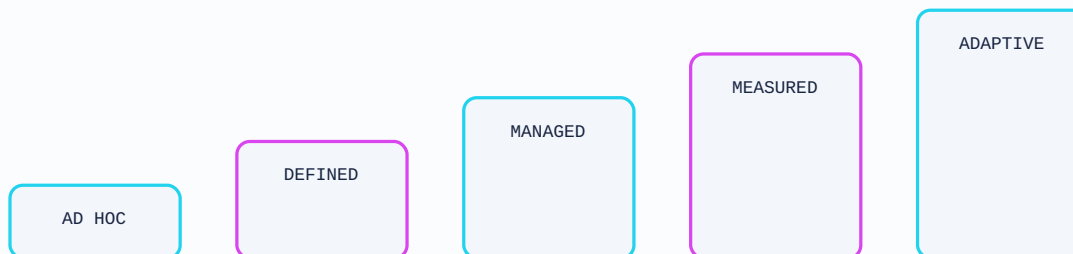
35. Enterprise Metric Set

Metric	Measurement Requirement
missions without bounded contract	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
agents without distinct workload identity	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
tool calls outside declared contract	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
delegation depth and unresolved lineage	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
context sources without trust classification	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
memory proposals accepted without review	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
model and tool calls beyond budget	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
indeterminate effects awaiting reconciliation	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
high-risk actions without independent approval	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
results lacking independent verification	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.
time to revoke and contain compromised agent	Defined by the adopting organization with owner, source, target, and cadence.

36. Maturity Model

MATURITY PROGRESSION

MATURITY IS EVIDENCE OF CAPABILITY - NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CONFORMANCE



Level	Name	Required Characteristics
M0	Unmanaged	Outcome is not intentionally controlled or evidence is unavailable.
M1	Documented	Ownership and procedures exist but implementation is inconsistent or mostly manual.
M2	Implemented	Applicable controls operate in the assessed scope and evidence exists.
M3	Measured	Effectiveness, exceptions, failures, and trends are measured and reviewed.
M4	Assured	Independent testing, representative evidence, and continuous or periodic validation exist.
M5	Adaptive	Controls respond safely to changing risk, authority, technology, and operational evidence.

Maturity does not override conformance. An organization cannot compensate for a failed mandatory requirement by assigning itself a high maturity level.

37. Assessment Confidence

Assessment confidence **MUST** be recorded as Low, Moderate, High, or Very High. Confidence considers evidence integrity, observation period, sample coverage, source authority, environmental representativeness, test repeatability, reviewer independence, and unresolved gaps.

38. Executive Assurance Dashboard

The executive report **SHOULD** present:

- applicable controls;
- conformant, partial, nonconformant, exception, not applicable, and not assessed counts;
- high and critical findings;
- evidence freshness;
- exception age;
- maturity distribution;
- assessment confidence;
- top residual risks;

-
- corrective-action status.
-

Part VII – Authority and Traceability

39. Cross-Standard Dependencies from Source Draft

This standard is part of an integrated foundation. Product decisions depend on documentation and traceability; implementation depends on security, quality, data, interfaces, and extension controls; release depends on operational readiness; AI and agentic behavior inherit every applicable non-AI requirement. A specialized standard MAY strengthen these requirements but MUST NOT weaken them without an explicit supersession rule.

40. Current External Authority Register

Authority	Relevance	Official Location	Status	Validated
NIST AI RMF 1.0	AI risk management	https://www.nist.gov/itl/ai-risk-management-framework	Current; revision program active	2026-09-17
NIST AI 600-1	Generative AI Profile	https://www.nist.gov/publications/artificial-intelligence-risk-management-framework-generative-artificial-intelligence	Final	2026-09-17
NIST SP 800-218A	Secure development for generative AI and dual-use foundation models	https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/sp/800/218/a/final	Final	2026-09-17
NIST SP 800-207	Zero Trust Architecture	https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/sp/800/207/final	Final	2026-09-17
ISO/IEC 42001:2023	AI management systems	https://www.iso.org/standard/42001	Published	2026-09-17
ISO/IEC 23894:2023	AI risk management	https://www.iso.org/standard/77304.html	Published	2026-09-17
ISO/IEC 5338:2023	AI system life cycle processes	https://www.iso.org/standard/81118.html	Published	2026-09-17
Regulation (EU) 2024/1689	Artificial Intelligence Act	https://eur-lex.europa.eu/eli/reg/2024/1689/	In force; staged application	2026-09-17

The authority register is informative unless an adopting organization incorporates a source into a binding obligation. Legal applicability and licensed ISO content must be evaluated by qualified parties. The register records current source identity and relevance without reproducing protected standards text.

41. Control Traceability

Each control MUST remain traceable to:

- the risk or outcome it addresses;
- the applicable profile;
- implementation ownership;
- evidence;

-
- assessment procedure;
 - exceptions;
 - external mappings;
 - related Foundation controls.

42. Source-Draft Preservation

This enterprise candidate edition preserves every normative control and the substantive source-draft sections. Editorial movement into the enterprise report structure does not remove the original requirement, implementation guidance, evidence, assessment procedure, exception rule, or external mapping.

FOUNDATION STANDARD / STRUCTURAL PART

Part VIII – Appendices

Appendix A – Source-Draft Evolution Notes

- Preserves the source draft's model-independent harness, hierarchy, memory, fan-out/fan-in, skills, budgets, and evidence concepts.
- Reframes product-specific names as universal runtime roles and control points.
- Adds explicit identity, delegation lineage, durable-state reconciliation, computer-use, and autonomous-change controls.

Appendix B – Change History

Version	Date	Status	Summary
0.2.0	2026-07-18	Working Draft	First standards-program restructuring of the source draft into atomic controls, assurance profiles, evidence, assessment procedures, and cross-standard dependencies.

Appendix C – Control Summary

Control	Family	Title	Profiles	Automation	Impact
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-01	Governance	Agent and mission inventory	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-02	Mission	Bounded mission contract	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-03	Identity	Workload and agent identity	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-04	Authority	External policy enforcement	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-05	Delegation	Constrained delegation and lineage	Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-06	Planning	Plan validation before execution	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-07	Tools	Tool contract and safety classification	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-08	Execution	Sandboxed and scoped execution	Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-09	Computer use	Visual and computer-use action control	Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-10	Memory	Governed memory lifecycle	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
	Context			Partial	Critical

Control	Family	Title	Profiles	Automation	Impact
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-11		Context assembly and trust boundaries	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance		
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-12	Models	Model routing policy	Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-13	Budgets	Resource and recursion budgets	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-14	Durability	Durable state and exactly-once effect strategy	Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-15	Parallelism	Fan-out, fan-in, and conflict control	Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-16	Approvals	Independent approval and separation of duties	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-17	Skills	Governed skill creation and modification	Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-18	Evidence	End-to-end execution evidence	Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-19	Verification	Independent result verification	Foundational, Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-20	Interruptibility	Pause, cancel, rollback, and containment	Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-21	Monitoring	Behavioral and operational monitoring	Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-22	Incident	Agentic incident response	Advanced, High Assurance	Partial	Critical
MYTHOS-FND-AGT-23	Lifecycle	Agent, model, tool, and memory retirement	Advanced, High Assurance	High	Critical

Appendix D – Minimum Conformance Claim Record

```

standard: MYTHOS-FND-0010
version: 0.2.0
profile: foundational | advanced | high_assurance
scope: <bounded systems, teams, environments, and processes>
assessment_period: <start/end>
assessor: <person or independent body>
tailoring_decisions: []
exceptions: []
findings_summary:
  satisfied: 0
  partially_satisfied: 0
  not_satisfied: 0
  not_applicable: 0
  not_assessed: 0
residual_risk_owner: <accountable role>
approval: <record reference>

```

Appendix E – Publication Review Checklist

- [] Domain technical review completed

-
- [] Security and privacy review completed
 - [] Current primary sources validated
 - [] Exact external mappings reviewed
 - [] All controls testable
 - [] Evidence requirements sufficient
 - [] Assessment procedures repeatable
 - [] Executive findings supported
 - [] Legal applicability reviewed where required
 - [] Accessibility and publication quality verified
 - [] Machine-readable control catalog validated
 - [] Change and review record complete
 - [] Formal approval recorded